Reflections on Agenda 2063 M&E Processes

16 March 2023





... Agenda 2063 and First Ten Year Implementation Plan...

Agenda 2063 Description

A long-term strategic framework for growth and transformation, guiding individual and collective actions to attain the AU Vision

It is a call to action to all sections of African society to work together to build a common future and destiny

Agenda 2063 Aspirations: "The Africa We Want in 2063"

ASP1: A prosperous Africa, based on inclusive growth and sustainable development

ASP2: An integrated continent, politically united, based on the ideals of Pan Africanism and the vision of Africa's Renaissance

ASP3: An Africa of good governance, democracy, respect for human rights, justice and the rule of law

ASP7: An Africa as a strong, united, resilient and influential global player and partner

ASP4: A peaceful and secure Africa

ASP5: Africa with a strong cultural identity, common heritage, values and ethics

ASP6: An Africa whose development is people-driven, relying on the potential offered by African people, especially its women and youth, and caring for children

	Agenda 2063 Aspirations	Agenda 2063 Goals mapping							
	A Prosperous Africa, based on	Goal 4: Transformed economies and Job creation	Goal 1: A high standard of living, quality of life and wellbeing for all citizens	Goal 2: Well educated citizens & skills revolution underpinned by science, technology & innovation	Goal 7: Environmentally sustainable and climate resilient economies and communities				
	Inclusive Growth and Sustainable Development	Goal 5: Modern agriculture for increased production & productivity	Goal 3: Healthy and well-nourished citizens						
		Goal 6: Blue/Ocean economy for accelerated economic growth							
2.	An Integrated Continent, Politically United, based on the Ideals of Pan Africanism and the	Goal 8: A United Africa (Federal or Confederate)		Goal 9: Continental financial and monetary institutions established and functional					
	Vision of Africa's Renaissance	Goal 10: World class infrastructure criss-crosses Africa							
3.	An Africa of Good Governance, Democracy, Respect for Human rights, Justice and Rule of Law		Goal 11: Democratic values, practices, universal principles of human rights, justice & rule of law entrenched	Goal 12: Capable Institutions and transformative leadership in place					
4.	A Peaceful and Secure Africa	Goal 13: Peace, security and stability is preserved		Goal 15: A fully functional and operational African Peace Security Architecture					
		Goal 14: A stable and peaceful Africa							
5-	Africa with a Strong Cultural Identity, Common Heritage, Values and Ethics		Goal 16: African cultural renaissance is pre-eminent						
6.	An Africa whose Development is people-driven, especially relying		Goal 17: Full gender equality in all spheres of life						
	on Potential offered by its Women & Youth & well cared for Children		Goal 18: Engaged and empowered youth and children						
7-	An Africa as a Strong, United & Influential Global Player & Partner	Goal 19: Africa takes full responsibility for financing her development		Goal 20: Africa as a major partner in global affairs & peaceful co-existence					
Consolidated priority impact areas		Wealth Creation	Shared Prosperity and Transformed Livelihoods	Transformative capacities	Environment Sustainability				

... Agenda 2063 Monitoring and Reporting ...

Reinforcing a culture of managing for results

Enhance participation and ownership of A63

Rationale for Agenda 2063 M&E System Alignment and accountability for results among stakeholders

Foster
evidence-based
learning &
decisionmaking

Assessing regional & continental value to national action

Reinforcing value-for-money in resource use & allocation



Operational structures and M&E functions

Rallying human and institutional capacity for M&E

Partnerships to support the M&E system

Evaluation, collective reflection and learning

Key Components of Agenda 2063 M&E Framework

M&E results framework

Data Management & Quality Assurance

Mechanisms for instituting results-based management

Communication and advocacy for A63 M&E system



Key Documents

□Agenda 2063 Framework Document □Agenda 2063 First Ten Year Implementation Plan □Agenda 2063 Core Indicator Handbook □Technical Guidelines for Members States Reporting □ Data Entry Template (MS & RECs) ☐ Guidelines and Outline of Member States Reports □Guidelines and Outline of the REC Reports



Agenda 2063 and SDGs

In Africa, one reporting framework on Implementation of SDGs & Agenda 2063

Focus: Support to National Development Plans (→ Country Results Frameworks)

- → Coherent and consistent messaging
- → Standardizing approaches and tools for domestication (esp. planning and M&E)
- → Agreeing coordination among partners in provision of implementation support
- → Platforms for review, learning and mutual accountability

Convergence

* 90% at goal

* 69% at target

Agenda 2030

Agenda 2063 First Ten Year Implementation Plan

Key Steps in Preparing Reports on the Implementation of Agenda 2063

Using the "Date Entry"

template, enter the data

Particularly enter the base

value (as at 2013) and the

against each indicator.

current value

In the remarks section, outline areas of support required (if any) for enhancing implementation performance and results

Collect and curate data on the core indicators of Agenda 2063 **First Ten Year Implementation Plan**

> Present the report at various national and sub-national platforms for peer review and mutual accountability, and to inform planning and resource allocation processes

Based on the validated data. and using the "Country-report format", write the country's narrative report. Provide a synthesis of key achievements, shortcomings and areas where

Present your country report and share

countries at regional

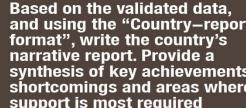
experiences with other

and continental platforms

Using your official

chanels, formally submit

the country report to your respective REC, copying AUC and AUDA—NEPAD









Overview of the Data Entry Template

Calculations on Country Status of Implementation on Agenda 2063 First Ten Y					ar Impl	ementation	Plan						
ASPIRATION 1: A PROSPEROUS AFRICA BASED ON INCLUSIVE GROWTH AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT													
ASPIRATION 1. A PROS	PEROUS	AT RICA BASED ON INCEDSIVE GROWTH AND 3031.	AINABLL	EVELOPINIEN I		_							
Goal 1: A High Standard of Living, Quality of Life and Well Being for All						Current Indicator Value (X1)	Base value (X2013)	Indicator Performance (IP)	Expected Increase / Reduction by 2019	Expected Performance by 2019	Performance Rating	Priority Area Dashboard	Corresponding SDG Indicator
Priority Area	P- Weight	Agenda 2063 Target	T1 - Weight	A63 Indicators	I1 - Weight								
		Increase 2013 per capita income by at least 30%	1,9	GNI per capita	1,9	57,0	54,0	6%	1896	63,7	31%		8.1.1 Annual growth rate of real GDP per capita
1. Incomes, Jobs and		Reduce 2013 unemployment rate by at least 25%	0,6	Unemployment rate by age group, by sex, vulnerability	0,6	27,3	24,6	-3	15	10	-18%	-7%	8.5.2 Unemployment rate, by sex, age group and persons with disabilities
decent work	3,7	Reduce Youth and Women unemployment rate by 2% per annum	0,6		0,6	27,3	24,6	-3	2,81	21,8	-97%		NIL
		Reduce 2013 unemployment rate for vulnerable groups by at least 25%	0,6		0,6	27,3	24,6	-3	15	10	-18%		NIL
		Reduce 2013 income inequality level by at least 20%	1,2	Gini coefficient	1,2	0,34	0,53	0,2	0,3	0,2	59%		10.2.1 Proportion of people living below 50 per cent of median income, by age, sex and persons with disabilities
Poverty, Inequality and Hunger	3,7	Reduce stunting in children to 10% and underweight to 5%.	1,2	b) Prevalence of underweight among children under 5	1,2	8,0	10,3	2	3,2	7	72%	60%	2.2.1 Prevalence of stunting (height for age <-2 standard deviation from the median of WHO Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age
		Reduce 2013 level of proportion of the population without access to safe drinking water by 95%.	1,2	% of population with access to safe drinking water	1,2	81,8	75,0	6,8	14,25	89,3	48%		6.1.1 Percentage of population using safely managed drinking water services
3. Modern and Liveable		Increase access and use of electricity and internet by at least 50% of the 2013 levels		a)% of population with access to electricity	1,2	27,8	25,0	2,8	7,5	32,5	37%	63%	7.1.1 Proportion of population with access to electricity
Habitats and Basic Quality Services	3,7		3,7	b) % of population using electricity	1,2	45,7	42,0	3,7	12,6	54,6	30%		NIL
c)% of population with access to internet Goal 2: Well Educated Citizens and Skills revolution underpinned by Science, Technology and Innovation			1,2	119,0	87,0	32,0	26,1	113,1	123%		NIL		
Oddr 2. Well Educated Office	3,7	Enrolment rate for early childhood education is at least 300%	0,9	% of children in pre-school age attending pre-school	0,9	34	24	10	43,2	67,2	23%		
		of the 2013 rate		Net enrolment rate by Sex and age in basic education		 							
Education and STI driven Skills Revolution		Enrolment rate for basic education is 100% Increase the number of qualified teachers by at least 30% with focus on STEM	0,9	level Proportion of teachers qualified in Science or Technology or Engineering or Mathematics by Sex and	0,9	80 88,5	70 80	10 8,5	18,0	94,4	58%	42%	
		Universal secondary school (including technical high schools)	0,9	Level (Primary and Secondary) Secondary's chool net enrolment rate by Sex	0.9	37	23	14	46.2	69.2	30%		
Goal 3: Healthy and Well-No	win book Citio	with enrolment rate of 100%	0,5	Securidary's cross risk as of the kitate by Sex	0,5	31	25	14	40,2	00,2	3070		
Goal 5. Realthy and Well-No	3,7	Increase 2013 levels of access to sexual and reproductive health services to women by at least 30%	0,9	% of women in the reproductive age 15-49 who have access to sexual and reproductive health service	0,9	76,6	65	11,8	11,7	76,7	99%		
Health and Nutrition		Reduce 2013 maternal, neo-natal and child mortality rates by at least 50%	0,9	a) Maternal mortality ratio	0,9	487	532	-45	159,6	372,4	-28%	-84%	
i. Health and Nutrition		Reduce the 2013 incidence of HIV/AIDs, Malaria and TB by at least 80%	0,9	b) Neo-natal mortality rate	0,9	37,9	40,3	-2,4	19,3	21,0	-12%	-6476	
		Access to Anti-Retroviral (ARV) drugs is 100%	0,9	c) Under five mortality rate	0,9	85,9	95,8	-9,9	2,5	98,3	-393%		
Goal 4: Transformed Economies and Job Creation													
Sus tainable inclusive economic growth	0,9	Annual GDP growth rate of at least 7%	0,9	Real GDP Growth Rate	0,9	2 865	2 748	119	1375,0	4121,0	9%		
STI driven Manufacturing Industrialization and Value Addition	0,9	Real value of manufacturing in GDP is 50% more than the 2013 level.	0,9	Manufacturing value added as % of GDP	0,9	13,7	10,6	3,1	3,2	13,8	97%	120%	
Economic diversification and resilience	0,9	 At least 1% of GDP is allocated to science, technology and innovation research and STI driven entrepreneurship development. 	0,9	Research and development expenditure as a proportion of GDP	0,9	0,053	0,04	0,013	0,6	0,6	2%	12070	
4. Hos pitality / Tourism	Contribution of tourism to GDP in real terms is increased by at least 100%.		0,9	Tourism value added as a proportion of GDP	0,9	7,08	6,62	0,48	4,0	10,6	12%		



Key M&E Products to-date

Draft Evaluation Report and Draft Evaluation Report Document draft Framework Document draft Framework decade of Agenda for second decade of Ag

Country-level performance on Agenda 2063

Country-level performance on Agenda 2063

First Biennial Performance

Report on Agenda 2063

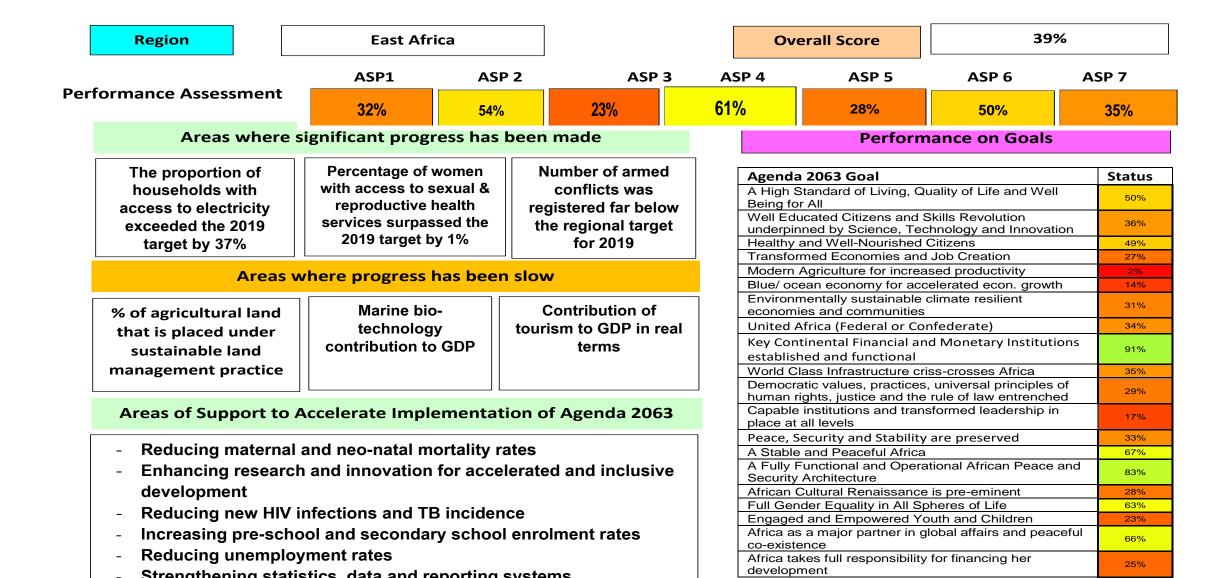
33 National Consultation
Reports on Evaluation of first
decade and priorities of
second decade of Agenda 2063

Second Biennial
Performance Report on
Agenda 2063

Country, regional and continental-level Dashboards on Performance of Agenda 1903 Implementation 2063 Implementation



East Africa Dashboard on Implementation of Agenda 2063



... Agenda 2063 Special Project ...



Introduction to Agenda 2063 Special Project



The Executive Council through Decision EX.CL/Dec.1164(XL) called upon AUC and AUDA-NEPAD to lead the process of evaluation of Agenda 2063 FTYIP and the development of the STYIP – also called the Special Project.

The **overall objective** of the Project is to assess Africa's performance and progress along the goals and targets of the FTYIP and formulate the STYIP.

The Special Project has two components:

- The Evaluation of the First Ten Year Implementation Plan (FTYIP); and
- Development of the Second Ten-Year Implementation Plan (STYIP).



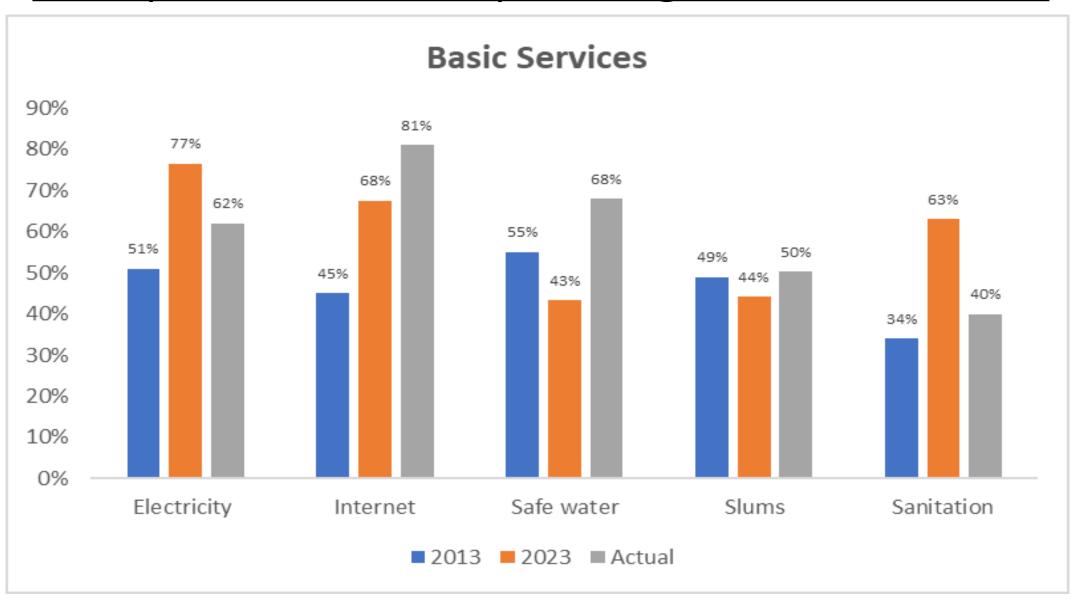
<u>Summary of Preliminary Findings on Relevance</u>

Measurement Parameter	Rating			
Alignment with national development plans	Very Strong			
Integration into national development plans	Strong			
Targeting and responsiveness to specific contexts	Weak			
Level of awareness among policy makers and political leaders	Strong			
Level of awareness among technical persons and general public	Weak			
Ownership at policy and political levels	Very Strong			
Ownership among technical persons and general public	Weak			
Added value of FTYIP to implementation-support of national priorities	Strong			
Perception of relevance of Agenda 2063	Very Strong			
Overall Rating of Relevance	Strong			

Key Preliminary Findings on Efficiency

- FTYIP was **not costed**, posing a challenge to assess the resource gap.
- An analysis of the Union's budget (2014 2021) reveals that financial resources were inadequate to realize the expected results
- Furthermore, the analysis shows **skewed allocation of resources**; eg 76% the Union's budget was allocated to the Aspiration on Peace and Security compared to 24% allocated to other Aspirations.
- Even for Peace and Security, considering the needs of the continent, there is need for additional funding.
- There will be need for strengthening the resource mobilization framework for Agenda 2063 TYIPs.

Example of Preliminary Findings on Effectiveness



Key Preliminary Findings on Sustainability

- ❖Some **political structures** such as the Ambassadorial and Ministerial committees have been **instrumental** in the implementation of Agenda 2063.
- ❖The technical support provided by AU Institutions and Strategic Partners to facilitate domestication and execution of the FTYIP was inadequate and not well synchronized with planning processes of Member States.
- ❖The coordination mechanisms among AU institutions were weak hence jeopardizing coherence and realization of results of Agenda 2063.
- Africa's capacity to sustainably mobilize sufficient domestic resources for the implementation of Agenda 2063 was inadequate. There is a strong urge from Member States to set up a fund to provide catalytic funding for Agenda 2063.

Key Findings on Flagship Projects

- ❖ Notable progress was registered in the implementation of some projects, such as the AfCFTA, and SAATM. These projects have greater impact on integration are interconnected and re-enforce each other and therefore their implementation should be prioritized concurrently.
- ❖Limited progress was registered on some flagships such as financial institutions, Annual Africa Economic Platform.
- ❖The factors that contributed to the low implementation of these projects include low levels of ratifications, low funding for capital intensive projects and inadequate skills and capacities.
- All flagships are relevant, but **implementation** should be **re-prioritized** based, amongst others, on **progress** of implementation, **potential** for massive **job creation**, and ability to **phase** the **implementation**, and thereby guide categorization into short-medium-long term.



Conclusion of Preliminary findings



Agenda 2063 FTYIP is:

- Very Relevant
- Weak in Efficiency
- Moderately Effective
- Weak in sustainability





Main Recommendations on the FTYIP Evaluation

❖ All Member States, AU Organs and RECs should provide their inputs on the FTYIP evaluation



Undertake special studies, amongst others, to assess emerging impact of Agenda 2063 FTYIP implementation

❖The final draft report of the FTYIP should be presented at the Mid-Year Coordination Meeting in July 2023.



The Africa We Want

